

PUBLIC LEDGER

FIFTH YEAR.

MAYSVILLE, KY., TUESDAY, JULY 21, 1896.



If you have friends visiting you, or if you are going away on a visit, please drop us a note to that effect.

Mrs. Dr. Phister is sojourning at Eucalyptus Springs.

The Misses Kirk of this city have been visiting relatives at Washington.

Miss Anna Lee Friston of Covington spent Sunday with her parents here.

Mr. Frank A. Moore of West Superior, Wisc., is in the city visiting his family.

Mrs. Amanda M. Bridges has returned from a visit to her son Henry at Higginsport.

Misses S. N. Thornton of Newport, formerly of this city, visited friends here Sunday.

Mrs. William Chambers, who had been visiting at Washington, left for her home at Paris.

Miss Sallie Forman of this city is visiting friends at Washington and vicinity for a few days.

The Misses Boulden of Maysville are been visiting relatives at Washington for some days.

Mrs. Joe Davis, Mrs. Heimer, Mrs. Boyce and Mrs. Crawford spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. Thompson of Aberdeen.

Mrs. Waido Hamilton, after a pleasant visit to her sister, Mrs. W. H. Mullineaux at South Solon, O., returned home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Durbin, after a visit to their parents in this city, returned to their home at Indianapolis this morning.

Mr. George Bell and two interesting daughters, Misses Sallie and Lydia, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. C. D. O'Brien, in this city.

Mr. Dan Daly of Canisteo, N. Y., arrived Saturday and will spend a week with relatives, when he and his wife will return home.

Mrs. Lizzie Linn and little son Marshall of Gallipolis, O., are visiting her brother, Mr. John W. Downton, and other relatives in this city and vicinity.

Born, to the wife of Mr. Athelston Owen, Monday, a fine son.

The alarm at 9:45 was caused by a small awning that burned in the rear of the Central Hotel.

The ladies of the Maylack Reading Club will have a lawn party in Mr. Sandford's yard Thursday evening, July 23d.

The chinch bugs are very numerous in some parts of the county, and have damaged the late planted corn to a considerable extent.

The body of Mrs. Henry Insko, who was drowned a week previously in the flood of Big Bracker Creek, was discovered Sunday in a drift pile three miles below where she lost her life.

The Misses Rohr and Breughel of Helena, who were in the runways Sunday of Mr. James Key's horse and carriage, were both considerably bruised up, having been thrown into a fence and cut under their chins. Miss Key had her dress torn into shreds. It was a narrow escape for all parties.

MAYSVILLE WEATHER.

What We May Expect For the Next Twenty-four Hours.

WEATHER SIGNAL.

WEATHER FORECAST—FAIR: Blue—No Snow: With Black Above—SWELL WARMER GROW.

With Black Below—COLDEN'LL WIL:

BL: Unless Black shown—no chance we'll see.

The above forecast was made for a period of twenty-four hours, ending at 12 o'clock tomorrow.

Born, to the wife of Charles Willett, a 15-pound daughter.

Bettie Winallow, colored, took on a jag and the bill was \$10.90.

For Paris Green that will kill and not fatten insects go to Chenevert.

The Greenup Circuit Court convened yesterday with Judge Harroson presiding.

Grapes promise a tremendous yield in this section, and there is no sign of rot as yet.

A report was out last week that the Riley will case had been compromised, but it has not been confirmed as yet.

There has been fifty bushels of potatoes raised in the county this season where there was one bushel raised last season.

There was a chimney fire in the residence opposite the Opera house before noon yesterday, but the neighbors "quenched" it.

A needed rain fell throughout the country yesterday, which will make the early corn. The outlook for a heavy crop is the best in years.

It is the unanimous opinion of every one who has priced the wheat offered by F. J. Murphy the Jeweler that he is offering them at lower prices than these goods have ever been offered. All his watches are warranted to give satisfaction.

The Young Men's McKinley Club of Austria has chosen an Executive Committee composed of such good citizens as A. E. Rankins, W. N. Evans, Charles Webb Jr., J. W. Cobb and Dr. A. A. Mannion. The Club meets every Monday night.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, *vs.* LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney made out that he is the co-patent of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., dealers in the City of Toledo, county and state attorney and his legal team will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Cather's that cannot be cured by Dr. H. H. Smith, Toledo, *vs.* Frank J. Cheney.

Sword to be made and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GELESON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Camera Case is taken internally and acts directly on the blind side of the case. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75 cents.

A Handsome Book For a Two-Cent Stamp—New Publication by the D. C. & C. Line.

To those who contemplate taking a summer outing we will mail for two cents postage our illustrated pamphlet, which contains a large number of fine engravings of every summer resort between Cleveland, Toledo, Detroit and picturesque Mackinac. It has artistic half-tones of points of interest in the Upper Lake Region. Information regarding both short and extended tours, costs of transportation and hotel, fare, etc. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

A. P. Eads, for a plain drunk, paid \$1 and costs.

The timber meadows have done finely this season, the rains having come in time to save them. There are very few weeds in them, too.

The annual report of the Pleasant Ridge Turnpike Company shows total receipts of \$179.88, expenditures \$115.66, leaving a balance of \$64.77.

Colonel T. P. Hay of Sardis was in the city yesterday, and in response to an inquiry he said he didn't know of a single Republican in his neighborhood who would support the Chicago nominee.

Miss Julia J. Ross, formerly of this city, now of Chicago, and Mr. Francis Stone Marbury of New York will marry at Chicago Wednesday, August 12th. Miss Ross is the only daughter of the late Major J. J. Ross, and her many friends in this city tender congratulations.

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Public Ledger

DAILY EXCERPT SUNDAY.
THOMAS A. DAVIS,
EDITOR AND OWNER.

OFFICE—Public Ledger Building No. 19 Broad
Street.

SUBSCRIPTIONS—IN ADVANCE.
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Six Months \$1.00
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Per Month \$1.00
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Subscribers who fail to get the Ledger regularly, will confer a favor by reporting the fact AT THE OFFICE.

WE'RE FOR AMERICA & AMERICANS!



Advance Agent of Prosperity

REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The members of the Mason County Republican Executive Committee have resolved to attend the meeting in the parish hall of the Hotel in the city at 5 o'clock p.m. on Saturday, July 25th, 1868.

CLARENCE MATTHEWS, Chairman.
S. T. BICKMAN, Secretary.

Isn't it funny how we have such a thirst after silver? Take JUDAS ISCARIOT, for instance; he betrayed the Lord for thirty pieces of silver, but he afterward went out in the woods and hanged himself to a crabapple tree.

THE HON. WIND-JAMMER BRYAN appears to have a patent right upon that "crown of thorns" and "cross of gold" proportion. He worked the same thing off in Congress, and it had been used by him on several occasions prior to its effective discharge at Chicago.

SENATOR DON CAMERON, Pennsylvania's silver champion, announces that he will vote the Republican ticket this fall. He loves silver, but cannot swallow the other Peninsular doctrine in the Chicago platform. He said: "I am for silver, but I'm not a fool."

The gold reserve is now down to about \$90,000,000, and another bond issue is looked for. So much for the mistaken policy of Free-trade, which took our gold to Europe to pay for goods that would have been made in America by American workers. The McKinley Bill had not been repealed.

STRAWS show which way the wind blows. The Courier-Journal interviewed 400 Louisville workmen, and 229 openly expressed opposition to the Chicago platform, 126 declared they would support it, and 41 said they had not made up their minds. It will be difficult to find workmen this year. They remember the fairy tales that were poured into their ears four years ago.

A MIDDLEBROOK dispatch to the Associated Press says:

"The Bonnville Record and Somerset Republican, both leading and life-long Republican organs, have declared for BAN and SEWALL."

To which The Lexington Leader responds by saying that as The Somerset Republican suspended years ago, and neither the newspaper directories nor the Kentucky State Gazetteer mention the existence of such a sheet as The Bonnville Record, this acquisition of "leading and life-long Republican organs" must be gratifying to Messrs. SEWALL and BRYAN, and fully compensates them for the bolt of The New York Sun, World, Herald, Times, Post, State Zeitung and Irish American, the four Louisville Democratic dailies and a hundred other "life-long organs" of Democracy.

UNDER Free-trade nearly \$3,000,000 more of Uncle Sam's gold went to Europe Saturday to pay for goods that ought to have been made by American workmen in America.

AMONG many other prominent Democrats of Northeastern Kentucky who refuse to vote for the Anarchist-Populist nominee of the Chicago Convention is Colonel JAY H. NORTHEY of Lawrence county. Colonel NORTHEY is a Democrat on principles, and he doesn't think BRYAN represents Democracy.

THE FREE SILVER fellows now and then present a "crushing" argument. A few days ago one of them nailed a widely-circulated golding lie very neatly, but it seemed to get away again.

"Why," said he, "they'll tell you that the silver in a dollar is only worth 54 cents! and if you'll only take the trouble to look you'll find that silver is quoted at 65 or 70."

As there is only seventy-seven one-hundredths of an ounce of silver in a dollar, and silver is quoted by the ounce, and 50 times .77 is 53.9, there doesn't seem to be much discrepancy after all. If these Free Silver advocates only knew what they were talking about, it is more than probable that they wouldn't talk so much.

TRIBUTE TO JEFFERSON.

His Peculiar Diction in the Declaration of Independence.

Moses Cotter Tyler in North America.

The Declaration of Independence is individualized by the character and by the genius of its author. Jefferson gathered up the thoughts and emotions and even the characteristic phrases of the people for whom he wrote, and these he perfectly incorporated with what was already in his mind, and then he put them into that stately and triumphant procession which, as some of us still think, will go marching on to the world's end.

There were then in Congress several other men who could have written the Declaration of Independence, and written it well—notably Franklin, either of the two Adams. Richard Henry Lee, William Livingston, end, best of all, for his own opposition to the measure, John Dickinson, but had any one of these other men written the Declaration of Independence, while it would have contained, doubtless, nearly the same topics and nearly the same great formulas of political statement, it would yet have been a wholly different composition from that of Jefferson's. No one at all familiar with his other writings, as well as with the writings of his chief contemporaries, could ever have a moment's doubt, even if the fact was not already notorious, that this document was by Jefferson. He put into it something that was his own, and that no one else could have put there. He put himself into it—his own genius, his own moral force, his faith in God, his faith in ideas, his love of innovation, his passion for progress, his invincible enthusiasm, his intolerance of prescription, of injustice, of cruelty; his sympathy, his clarity of vision, his affinity of disposition, his power to find out great phrases which will long fire and cheer the souls of men struggling against political unrighteousness.

And herein lies its essential originality, perhaps the most precious, and, indeed, almost the only, originality ever attaching to any great literary product that is representative of its time. He made for himself no improper claim, therefore, when he directed that upon the granite obelisk at his grave should he carved the words: "Here was buried Thomas Jefferson, author of the Declaration of Independence."

1853, when gold was at a premium of 20 per cent., wages of workmen on the plains of Bogota were 40 cents a day, and in the hot country 60 cents a day. At the present time wages are 60 and 90 cents respectively, an advance of 50 per cent. All provisions have increased in cost about 200 per cent. Meats at that time were selling for from 12 to 15 cents per pound; at the present time they sell for 40 and 50 cents.

House rents have increased from 100 to 200 per cent. Small tenements, such as poor people occupy, could be had in 1853 for \$5 a month; now the same tenements bring \$8. In 1854 and 1855 the Protestant Minister of Bogota occupied a house for which he paid \$50 a month; at the present time the same house brings \$300 a month.

FOODS—The rule.

In 1853 table board could be had at the best hotels for \$1 a day; now it is \$5 a day, and the proprietors all say there is much less money in the business than when they received \$1. Wearing apparel has not increased in price in proportion to provisions, but this is because the people are too poor to buy the goods they were in the habit of wearing before, and the merchants have placed upon the market the poorest quality of goods made in Europe for the market. The reason that the merchants give for not buying more goods in the United States is that the goods are too good and the people cannot afford to buy them.

It seems to me that if the workmen of the United States will study this object lesson they will readily see that what they want is an honest dollar that will buy as much in the markets abroad as the dollar of any other Nation.

PURCHASE TWO DOLLARS FOR ONE.

If silver is coined in the United States at a ratio of 16 to 1, while the gold in a dollar is worth 100 cents in a country in the world, and the silver in a dollar is worth 20 cents, is it not

HOW FREE SILVER WORKS.

WILL OUR PEOPLE PROFIT BY EXPERIENCE OF OTHERS?

The New York World prints the following letter from Luther F. McKinney, United States Minister to Bogota:

Bogota, June 17th.

As the money question seems to be the important question in the present political contest in the United States, I thought it might be of interest to the many readers of The World to know what effect silver legislation has had upon the people of Colombia.

Twenty years ago, in 1870, gold and silver were coined in the mints of Colombia, both being a legal tender for all debts, and at that time, owing to the scarcity of the white metal, silver was at a premium of gold of about 10 per cent.

About 1880 gold was at a premium, because the imports exceeded the exports, and as the balance had to be paid in gold it required a small premium to get gold for the purpose. Up to 1885 the Government continued to coin gold and silver, and at that time gold was at a premium over silver of about 20 per cent.

In 1885 Congress passed a law that made paper a legal tender for all debts, the paper to be payable in gold or silver at the option of the Government; this being an attempt to make silver at a par with gold.

This was an impossibility, for at once the gold all went out of the country, and the Government was of a hair's breadth in spite of its efforts by legislation to keep gold and silver at a party. From that time to this there has been no gold in circulation in Colombia. The effect of this was to raise the premium on gold from 20 per cent. in 1885 to 190 per cent. in 1893.

At the present time (June 17th) exchange on New York is 140, the price of exchange depending wholly upon the number of drafts upon the market and the demand for them. As the coffee crop is being shipped at this time, and the merchants for certain reasons are not importing largely, the price of exchange is low.

In the department of Panama paper money is not used, silver being the only medium of circulation, the result being that silver in the other departments has entirely gone out of circulation, and paper is the only money used.

If one goes to market in Bogota and offers silver for his dinner it is refused. As exchange is lower in Panama than is in other parts of the country, speculators buy all the silver they can find at a premium of from 5 to 10 per cent. and send it to Panama and make a profit. Now, to show the effect of this upon the people of Colombia, I will give certain facts that are well authenticated.

In 1853, when gold was at a premium of 20 per cent., wages of workmen on the plains of Bogota were 40 cents a day, and in the hot country 60 cents a day. At the present time wages are 60 and 90 cents respectively, an advance of 50 per cent. All provisions have increased in cost about 200 per cent. Meats at that time were selling for from 12 to 15 cents per pound; at the present time they sell for 40 and 50 cents.

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plain that the experience of Colombia, and in fact all South American countries where it has been tried, will be the experience of the United States?

The next question is, will the wages of labor be increased in proportion to the increase of the cost of living? The price of labor will always be governed by the law of supply and demand, while the cost of living will be governed by the value of the dollar that the laborer receives for his toil.

FREE SILVER MEANS POVERTY.

Silver legislation in every country where an effort has been made to make a silver dollar equal to a gold dollar has resulted in poverty to the man who labors, and the attempt in the United States can but give the same results.

Three years in this country has given me some practical knowledge of the effect of a silver and paper currency, and I send you the above facts, as they are well known to the people here.

LUTHER F. MCKINNEY,
United States Minister.

Last summer one of our grandchildren was sick with a severe bowel trouble. Our Doctor and relatives had failed, then Dr. Charles H. Coker of Columbia and Darien, Remedy, which gave very speedy relief. I regard this as the best medicine ever put on the market for bowel complaints—Mrs. E. G. Gregory, Fredericksburg, Mo. This certainly is the best medicine for dysentery, summer complaint, colic and cholera infantum, in children. It never fails to give prompt relief when used in reasonable time and the plain printed directions are followed. Many mothers have expressed their sincere gratitude for the cures it has effected. For sale by J. James Wood, Druggist.

KENTUCKY FAIRS.

WHEN "AGRICULTURAL HORSE TROTS" Will Be Held This Year.

Following are the places and dates determined for Kentucky Fairs for the present year.

Secretaries are respectfully requested to send in dates for additional announcements, and to make such corrections as may be necessary to complete the list:

Winchester—Week beginning July 27th, Elizabethtown—Curriden—July 28th, five days.

Deerfield—Week beginning August 4th, Columbia—August 10th, four days.

Union County—August 16th, five days.

Campbellsville—Week beginning August 10th.

Versailles—Week beginning August 10th.

Bullitt County—At Shepherdsville—August 11th, four days.

Louisville—Week beginning August 12th.

Frankfort—Week beginning August 13th.

Madisonville—August 26th, four days.

Hartford—Week beginning August 21st.

Williamsburg—September 2d, three days.

Bowling Green—Week beginning September 7th.

Elizabethtown—September 8th, four days.

Kentucky—Week beginning September 15th.

Franklin—Week beginning September 16th.

Horse—Leave—Sunday, Sept. 16th, four days.

Paducah—Week beginning September 1st.

—Date—possibly Henderson—September 1st.

Glasgow—September 10th, four days.

Owensboro—Week beginning October 1st.

Lexington—October 7th, four days.

Frankfort—Week beginning October 14th.

—Date—possibly Lexington—October 14th.

Leavenworth—September 15th, four days.

WITH AN AX

A Woman Chops a Whole Family to Pieces.

Scene on a Shanty-Boat on the Ohio River Above Huntington, W. Va.

The Father and Daughter Killed Outright A Second Daughter Will Die—Two Other Children Are in a Serious Condition—Murderers Is Threatened.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., July 21.—Six miles above here, at the mouth of Three-mile creek, occurred one of the most horrible murders ever known on the upper Ohio water.

The scene was on a shanty-boat and the killed are A. J. Call, aged 45; Nettie Call, his daughter, 24; Lollie Call, another daughter, is fatally injured, and those in the boat condition are Grace, 11, and Ottie, 13.

Last Sunday night Call and his family retired. Etta Robbins, aged 24, was at their house and retired with one of the daughters. A little boy, who was sleeping with his father, makes the following statement, he being the only one outside the Robbins woman able to talk.

He said: "At 3 o'clock Monday morning I was awakened by Etta Robbins cutting my father with a double-bit ax. I ran to the door and Nettie ran into our room and Miss Robbins turned on them. She killed Nettie and cut Lollie several times when Lollie leaped from the boat into the river. She then, after a few of us children, and then threw the ax at Lollie, who was swimming to the shore." Lollie is fatally injured.

The woman acknowledged the killing of A. J. Call, but denies killing the other. Call's head was almost cut off, and his heart was visible from a wound in his breast.

The head of the girl killed was also almost cut off and her heart cut out. The children were cut in two in different places. Call's heart was impaled.

The verdict was that Etta Robbins committed the murders.

The boat was cut loose and brought here and the woman placed in jail.

Feeling is very strong, and thousands of excited persons line the river bank

and many threats are heard.

THE GOLD RESERVE.

Another Bond Issue Will Be Made to Maintain It.

Washington, July 21.—The heavy gold engagements for export in New York Monday causes treasury officials to fear that more will be required before the week is ended. The treasury gold reserve at the end of Monday had been reduced to \$30,767,760.

In the absence of both the president and Secretary Carlisle from Washington, no expression of opinion can be obtained from them, but treasury officials who possess their confidence do not hesitate to say that there will be a change in the attitude of the administration toward the gold reserve, and that if necessary to maintain it another bond issue will be reported to when the reserve reaches the point when further action is rendered imperative.

The sum of \$3,380,000 gold was withdrawn from the sub-treasury at New York Monday. On this amount \$3,030,000, consisting of \$1,480,000 in coin and \$1,550,000 in gold, was export to Europe on Tuesday's steamer. The remaining \$350,000 taken by Canadian bankers was for use here.

The Great Kanawha Improvements.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Maj. Haines' annual report regarding the improvement of the Great Kanawha shows that the actual work has developed difficulties which can not be completed within the estimated cost, especially for locks and dams Nos. 9, 10 and 11, the iron work of which has been finished. In the lower river dredging and rock excavation has continued through the past year, but the major part of the project awaits appropriation before it can be commenced. The detailed survey is practically completed.

Mississippi River Improvements.

MILWAUKEE, July 21.—Maj. Handwin, in charge of Mississippi river improvements at St. Louis, reports to the war department that the expenditure during the past year of \$30,000 for removing sand bars in the channel between the Mississippi and Ohio, has been of immense benefit to commerce. In that section of the river the project to secure and maintain a six-foot channel is rapidly progressing and beginning at the upper end of the section and proceeding gradually downward.

Death Sentences Commuted to Life Imprisonment.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The president has commuted to imprisonment for life the death sentence of John Bell, Texas. He has also commuted to life imprisonment the death sentences of Tom Davis and Taylor Illeman, Indian boys. All three of the above were sentenced to be executed September 4 next.

Death Cases Pending.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 21.—All Kansas banks Monday ceased issuing gold, either in exchange for bills as payment or in exchange for specie or deposit. Cashier Rule, of the Bank of Commerce, who returned from St. Louis Monday morning, said the banks there will take the same action.

Food Damages by the Roanoke River.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—A special from Petersburg, Va., says: It is estimated that the damage done to crops on 10,000 acres near Carter's Creek, by the recent flood in that stream, will be over a million dollars. The damage done to the state fair alone is fully \$75,000.

Massachusetts State House Closed.

BOSTON, July 21.—The state house closed Monday at noon out of respect to the memory of the late ex-Gov. Russell. The governor's council met at 3 o'clock, drew up suitable resolutions and then attended the funeral in a body.

POPULIST CONVENTION.

At Midnight Both Partisans Were Claiming a Victory—If Bryan and Sewall Are Nominated It Is Possible.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—The convention was adjourned and postponed compromises among the populists. The active propaganda instituted Sunday by the partisans of Mr. Bryan was continued Monday with a more or less gratifying result. If, however, Bryanites had made converts, however, they were offset by the new arrivals Monday, many of whom doggedly refuse to accept any nominee, not directly connected with the party organization. The question at the convention is in doubt. At midnight both factions were claiming a perceptible lead over the other. The situation was tersely summed up by Jerry Simpson, who said that he expected to see the convention nominate Bryan and Sewall, followed by a bolt.



SENATOR WM. M. STEWART

Senator Jones, of Arkansas, the chairman of the democratic national committee, is employing all the resources at his command to insure Bryan's nomination. In this effort he is also assisted by Gov. Stone, of Maine; Senator Stewart, of Nevada, and Gen. Weaver, of Iowa.

During the day delegates and visitors arrived in large numbers.

Among the names mentioned as candidates for the nomination by the midwives of the road people are Paul Vanderveer, a former republican and ex-commander of the G. A. R., and Eugene V. Debs, the railroad man's leader. The latter, however, declared that he will not accept the nomination.

A bitter contest is looked for over the numerous platforms suggested Monday night Albert Dugger, of California, issued his "Tuesday night that will change the world" speech. A rumor has it that Capt. Kuhl, of Alabama, and Ignatius Donnelly, of Minnesota, have also declarations of principles which they want to see adopted.

A few details of the proceedings of the convention have been settled in advance. It was arranged Monday that Gen. Weaver, of Iowa, shall place Bryan's name in nomination.

THE BRIEF

In the Venezuela Dispute Submitted to the Commission,

As Well as to the British Consul, by Attorney Storrow, of Boston.

The Learned Counsel Demonstrates That England Never Had Sovereignty in the Disputed Territory—Nor the Dutch in the Orinoco Basin.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Venezuela's brief, prepared by Counsel Storrow and presented to the Venezuelan commission as well as to the British consul Monday, is the most important of the case. Mr. Storrow demonstrated that there never was any British sovereignty in the disputed territory; that the Dutch never had any in the Orinoco basin, and therefore never transferred what did not exist to Great Britain, and caps his arguments by demonstrating that the Schomburgk line, forced by Lord Salaberry, was a forced interpretation by the English government 20 years after Schomburgk's death.

Mr. Storrow says the British claim is confessedly no basis except upon the rules of law applied to the case, and that there is no support to the British contention to extend the boundary, but are specifically and affirmatively fatal to it. He demolishes the so-called temporary posts in the Orinoco basin and the Indians' post by showing that they were mere trading stations quickly destroyed by the Spanish who maintained sovereignty over the region and proves that the actual settlements of the Dutch and Spanish were always separated by a 30-mile forest.

The Oregon boundary, which made much international trouble, is applied by counsel Storrow to the existing dispute and the British argument that the Indians are turned against Salaberry's present contentions by showing that while private occupation may in time give a private title no occupation can create sovereign dominion unless it be directly adopted or adopted by his government at the outset and for the announced purpose of acquiring sovereignty.

Mr. Storrow refers to the Schomburgk line as a "fairy tale" and the book leaves part of a sentence out of Schomburgk's memoir, wherein it is shown that Schomburgk had no idea his line would amount to anything up to its term, at least were agreed upon by the Indians. Venezuela never agreed to any of it.

The line marked by Schomburgk on the maps published by himself and by the government was declared at the outset to be the demarcation of the British boundary, especially for discussion. But now, says Mr. Storrow, no discussion will be permitted than that case by Great Britain, as territory which line and all that will be submitted to arbitration is territory formerly claimed far outside of it.

STORROW'S BRIEF.

Call for Two Extra Committees on the Important Document.

LOXDON, July 21.—Commenting Tuesday upon the Venezuelan brief prepared by Mr. Storrow and presented to the American high commission, The Times will say that it contains nothing but the truth, and that the contentions which are, with very few exceptions, directly contradicted by the conclusions of the British Blue book on the Venezuela dispute and the testimony thereon adduced.

The Chronicle says: It would be unwise to underestimate the importance of the brief. If it can be answered, well and good, and the sooner the better, and some of it can be. Our diplomatic demands must be directed accordingly.

SILVER DELEGATES.

Call on Candidate Bryan—Predicted That the Democratic Nominee Will Get Ninety Per Cent of the Votes in the East.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 21.—Fifty of the Concord delegates to the national convention, added to the 100 who arrived Monday, will be added to the 120 who came to Lincoln to attend the 120th annual meeting at 12:30 p.m. today, route to St. Louis, Mo., at 2:30 p.m. to reach the national convention.

President Vanderveer announced that, owing to the small attendance no matter of legislation would be taken up and stated that another meeting would be held Tuesday.

An early dinner followed by a meeting of the national delegates followed.

The association was strong that the association should insist upon fuller recognition by the party leaders in the drafting of the platform and the selection of candidates.

Secretary Roselle, who is also secretary of the press committee in charge of the allotments of press seats in the convention, assured those present that a liberal distribution of admission tickets will be made to the association, and it is expected that a large number of some members who have been complaining of a lack of attention by the press committee.

The O'Bryan-Lewis Fight.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 21.—Billy O'Donnell and John Lawson fought to a finish Monday night at the end of the 85th round when a eye was cut and the two fighters stepped up to that he could hardly breathe, and his sponge went up. It was rough and tumble and full of fouls.

McKinney Street Car Burns.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 21.—The third street car barns of the Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light Company were totally destroyed by fire Monday night. One thousand dollars' worth of property was lost, and \$1,000 insured by blanket policy. Fire broke out in the room formerly used by the press committee.

Serious Disturbances at Nikar.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 21.—Serious disturbances occurred at Nikar, in the port of Sivas, between Musulmans and Armenian Christians. Sixty of the former and 100 of the latter were killed.

The Fight Was a Draw.

PHILADELPHIA, July 21.—Frank Sherry and Harry Baker, of Chicago, fought a six-round draw before the Caledonian Club Monday night.

CONDENSED NEWS

Outward From All Ports of the Country

The British steamer, Capt. Wiliam, bound for Hangchow, has been wrecked on the Maldivian islands and all hands lost.

JOSEPH E. KELLY, of San Francisco, was nominated for congress by the Fifth congressional district Monday.

A dispatch from Rome announces the death in that city Monday morning of Daniel E. Hungerford, father of Mrs. John W. Mackay.

JOHN W. MACKAY, of San Francisco, aged 55, married, and his brother Frank, were shocked to death by noxious gases while cleaning out a pool in a pig factory.

ANNE KURTZ, doing business as the Kurtz, Inc., manufacturers of jute bags, at No. 749 3rd Water street, New York, assigned to Wm. H. Kirtz. Liabilities are estimated at \$55,000.

If the expectations of the honest money democracy of Illinois are realized there will be a new democratic national convention and nomination not later than September 1.

A Washington special says: There is cabinet authority for stating that Secretary Root is in the event of another emergency to be called in by the president to the supreme bench during the present administration, will be appointed to fill it.

At Leesburg Monday the Wiggett two-year-old selling price of \$150, sovereign, five furlongs straight, was won by Mr. N. C. Rodenbush's Mistletoe. Mr. W. T. Sharpe's Rednob was second and Lord Creek's Mrs. Priddle third.

Heavy rains the past two days have greatly swollen all streams and caused washouts in the vicinity of Centralia, Ill., and have held up traffic to that city and suspended traffic for some hours on account of the interruptions.

HENRY IRVING, Jr., son of the eminent English actor, Sir Henry Irving, was born in London Monday to Miss Dorothy, Lady Hall, who has made such a striking success in the character of Triton at the Haymarket theater.

By a bequest in the will of John W. Lanchester, the lawyer, who died last week, Gov. John P. Alford is given \$10,000 to buy a \$10,000 worth of real estate. Mr. Lanchester was Mr. Alford's brother-in-law and his law partner.

At Chicago the Neel brothers Monday afternoon won the western tennis championship in doubles, defeating the Wrenn brothers. The score was 6-0, 6-0, 6-3. Tuesday, weather permitting, Carr, B. Neel and George Wrenn will do battle for the western championship in singles.

Severine Olney has left for his summer home at Falmouth, Mass., and is not expected to return to the state department for at least a month. All foreign matters have reached a stage where they may be safely left to subordinates in the arbitration negotiations, which are expected to last during the summer.

A dispatch from Clifton Springs, N. Y., announces the death of Rev. Dr. Arthur Cleveland Coe, Episcopal bishop, of Western New York, at his residence in that place Monday afternoon.

The bishop was in comparative good health at noon Monday and was preparing to leave the sanitarium for Buffalo. Shortly before 3 o'clock he was suddenly attacked with severe pains and died in a few minutes.

Forecast for Tuesday.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—For the Fair—Fair expected to draw 100,000 on the first, brick south-westerly winds.

For Indiana—Fair, preceded by showers in the afternoon, north-westerly winds.

For Kentucky—Showers Tuesday morning, followed by fair, southerly winds, becoming variable.

For Tennessee—Fair, south-westerly winds.

For Wisconsin—Fair, south-westerly winds.

For Michigan—Fair, south-westerly winds.

For Ohio—Fair, south-westerly winds.

For Pennsylvania—Fair, south-westerly winds.

For New Jersey—Fair, south-westerly winds.

For Connecticut—Fair, south-westerly winds.

For Rhode Island—Fair, south-westerly winds.

For Massachusetts—Fair, south-westerly winds.

For New Hampshire—Fair, south-westerly winds.

For Vermont—Fair, south-westerly winds.

For New York—Fair, south-westerly winds.

For New Jersey—Fair, south-westerly winds.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE



The Editor of THE LEDGER is not responsible for opinions expressed by Correspondents, but is responsible for the character of any person will be admitted to these columns.

Correspondents will please send Letters as to us not later than 8 o'clock a.m. Give facts in as few words as possible. We want news to this department, and not advertising notices or political arguments.

OUR AGENTS.

The following are authorized Agents for THE LEDGER in their respective cities:

Albion—Frank W. Hawes.
Berea—C. G. Orgeby.
Campbell—C. C. Campbell.
Cincinnati—John W. Worthy.
Concord—Leander Tully.
Crest—Joseph W. Williams.
Elizabethtown—John Hunter.
Denton—Thad. F. Moore.
McGraw—John C. McGraw.
Newark—John C. McGraw.

Subscribers will save the trouble of letter writing by paying their subscriptions to the Agent at their place.

HAPPENED AT HELENA.

Chase Cuttings From the Garden of Information in That Beautiful Section.

Miss Charles Cook is on the sick list.

There is some wheat damaged in this section by mold.

Dr. C. A. Crain went to Elizabethtown to see his girl.

Mr. James Cook of Millerton, near this piece, tried to commit suicide by cutting a shotgun in his hand, but fortunately he pulled the wrong trigger and only a few shot struck him. His wound is not dangerous.

Mr. Charles Willatt, near Johnson Junction, fell from a team of horses and broke his leg just above the knee. Doctor Cook of Elizabethtown and Dr. Cook of Wadensburg were there and set his leg. The bone was so shattered and mashed that he had to saw the bones off at each end and then sew them together. The arteries and muscles were not injured.

OCURRING AT ORANGEDBURG.

What The Ledger Correspondent Records From That Pleasant Vicinity.

Prof. Boggs of Cottleville is trying to get a case in here.

John Miller of Dabersburg was a pleasant visitor to our town Sunday.

There was preaching at the Reform Church Sunday, and a large crowd was in attendance.

H. P. Wilson and wife are visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Collins, who are here.

Ray W. Powers of Flemingsburg will assist in the building of a f. r. t. Gaine's residence.

Madams, we are to have a tennis-meeting near the house of Mr. Charles Kennedy in the near future.

H. P. Wilson and J. T. Gaines, M.D., start to Glen Springs today to attend the Northeastern Kentucky Medical Association.

Dr. White of near Bernard visited our little village a few days ago. The doctor's many friends are glad to know of his improvement in health.

If you want the latest and the freshest news, see J. N. Lynch and get The Cincinnati Post.

One second hand Range, with 30 gallon copper boiler, for sale cheap.

J. J. FITZGERALD.

For Pure Drugs call on Henry W. Tracy, successor to Theo. C. Power, next door to Postoffice. Prescriptions a specialty.

A special omnibus will leave the Mayville Postoffice Thursday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock for Ruggles Camp-ground.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cures colds, croup and whooping cough. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. For sale by J. James Wood, Druggist.

Bear in mind the next steamer Laurance makes one of her delightful excursions this evening, leaving her float at 7 o'clock, making a run of ten miles up and down in front of the city, returning at 8:30. Good music, good people and a nice enjoyable ride for 10 cents.

Mrs. Rhoda Noah, of this place, was taken in the night with cramping pains and the next day diarrhea set in. She took half a bottle of blackberry cordial but got no relief. She then sent to me to see if I had anything that would help her. I sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Collie, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy and the first dose relieved her. Another of our neighbors had been sick for a week and had tried different remedies for diarrhea but kept getting worse. I sent him the same remedy. One full dose of it were required to cure him. He says he owes his recovery to this wonderful remedy.—Mrs. Mary Sibley, Sidney, Mich.

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Plan Your Summer Outing Now—Go to Picturesque Machias via The Lake Erie.

It only costs \$5.00 from Detroit, \$15.00 from Toledo, \$10.00 from Cleveland for the round trip, including meals and berths. One thousand miles of lake ride on new modern steel steamers for the above rates. Send 2c for illustrated pamphlet. Address

A. A. SCHWARTZ, G. P. A.
Detroit, Mich.

TO THE RESCUE.

Steps Taken by the Leading New York National Banks

To Protect the Gold Reserve of \$100,000,000 in the National Treasury.

President Tappan, of the Gallatin Bank, Seized Fledges to Contribute \$15,000,000 in Gold to the Treasury in Exchange for Legal Tenders.

New York, July 21.—Steps were taken Monday to unite the principal national banks of this city in a movement to protect the government gold reserve. Recent large withdrawals of gold from the sub-treasury for shipment to Europe, this disposition manifested in certain financial markets, and the likely condition of the stock market have caused some serious discussions among observant and public spirited financiers with the past few days.

The temporary organization was made permanent. The committee on resolutions reported as follows:

"Resolved, By the people's party of Kentucky, in delegate convention assembled:

"First.—The people's party of Kentucky is unalterably opposed to the endorsement by the national convention of the people's party at St. Louis of the democratic platform and ticket nominated at our convention.

"Second.—We are decidedly opposed to nominating any man for any office who will not endorse and advocate a straight populist platform. We believe in honest, upright men, straightforward in all the principles of our organization, and the preservation of our party to be the wisest and the best policy to be pursued by our convention at St. Louis, both for our country and our party.

"Third.—We favor a union of all reform forces on an honorable basis if one preserving intact the organization and principles of the people's party can be devised. This may be done by an equitable division of electors and not by merger or fusion.

The report was adopted by a vote of 240 to 167.

PADUCAH, Ky., July 21.—Owing to lack of representation from two districts, the two national bank delegates have been elected in order to make the delegation at St. Louis complete.

The convention selected the following: Ben C. Keyes of Caloway; C. S. Bate, of Jefferson; W. R. Browder, of Logan; and W. P. Marsh, of Anderson. John C. H. Brown, of Madison; John C. T. Moore, of Woodford; and J. C. Parker, of Louisville, and L. K. Taylor, of Paducah, as delegates.

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